

Apple iPod Dock Connector Cable Replacement

During this guide you will need some solder...

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INTRODUCTIE

During this guide you will need some solder skills to repair the product. If you don't have any experiences in soldering, take a look at the <u>How to Solder and Desolder Connections</u> guide. Make sure you have all the tools that's needed to desolder en solder. Be aware of the fumes—do this in a well ventilated room!

GEREEDSCHAPPEN:

Desoldering Pump (1) Soldering Iron (1) Lead-Free Solder (1) Wire Stripping/Crimping Tool (1) Phillips #2 Screwdriver (1)

ONDERDELEN:

5-pin connector cable (1)

Stap 1 — iPod Dock Connector Cable



- Unscrew the four Phillips screws on the backside of the docking system.
- (i) The screws are located quite deep. Make sure you have a long screwdriver to be able to reach the screws.

A Be aware of the plastic threads. Using too much force can tear this up.

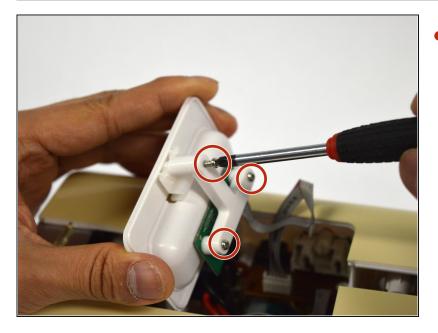


- Separate the housing in two parts.
- The dock connector is slid in two parts on the top of the system, make sure you slide the two housing parts in this line of direction.
- The two parts are glued on the sides of the speakers. Use some force to separate the two housing parts.
- (*i*) The internal parts are still connected to each other. Don't pull the housing parts too far from each other.

Stap 3



• Slide the dock connector out of the housing part.

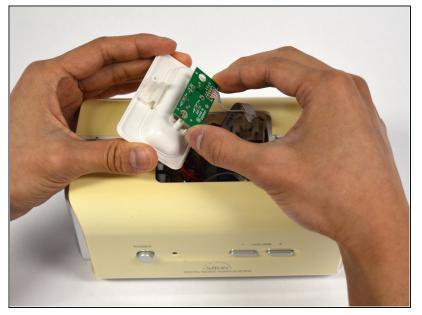


• Unscrew the three screws using a Phillips #2 screwdriver to remove the T-shaped circuit board holder.

Stap 5



• Remove the T-shaped circuit board holder.

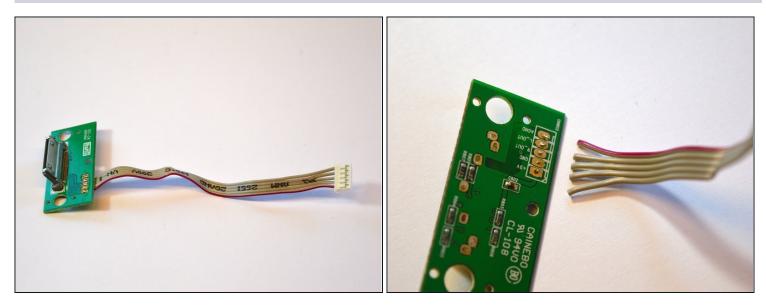


- Remove the circuit board from the housing part.
- (i) The circuit board is still connected to another circuit board with a cable.

Stap 7



- Disconnect the 5-pin connector between the two circuit boards.
- (i) The connectors are tightly connected. Hold the other circuit board to prevent it from breaking while disconnecting the 5-pin connector.

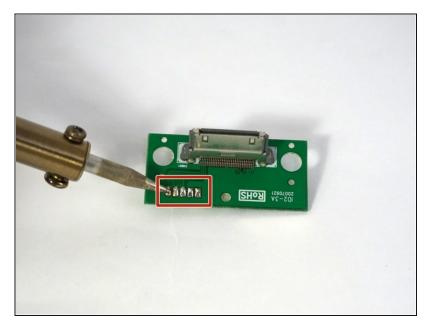


- Look how the cables are oriented.
- Take a picture with your phone. It's easier to look it up than recalling your memory.

Stap 9

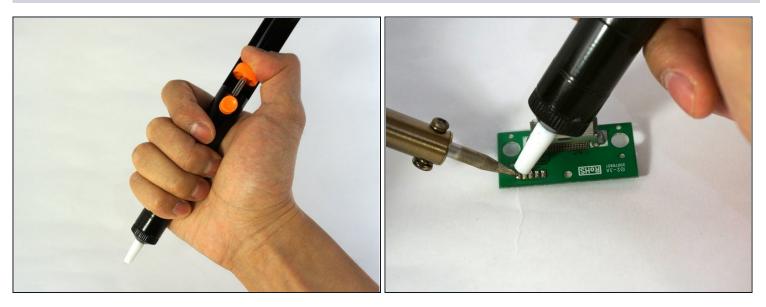


• Trigger the <u>desoldering pump</u> before heating the solder.

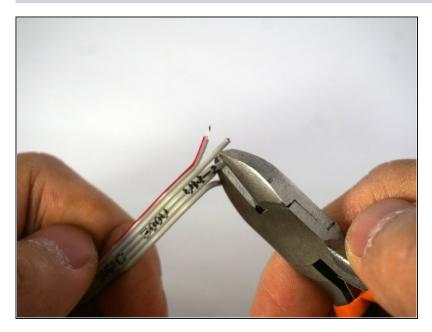


- Heat up the solder.
- (i) If you don't want to damage your workspace, it's probably handy to place something underneath.
- The circuit board will be getting hot. To make it more stable you can clamp it in a vise or alligator clips.
- ▲ The heated solder tends to fume—do not inhale this! Do this in a well ventilated room.

Stap 11

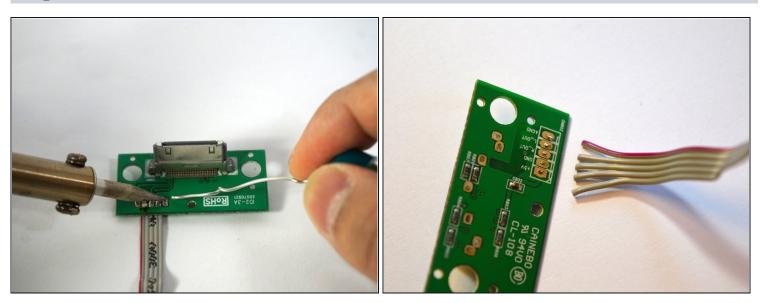


- If the solder becomes fluid, keep the desoldering pump near the solder.
- Push the button on the desoldering pump to suck the solder.
- (i) Solder will solidify fast, so you need to act quickly.



• Strip the cables with a wire stripper.

Stap 13



- Check if the cable is in the right position.
- Heat up the contact point on the circuitboard.
- If the contact point is hot enough, you can add a little bit of solder.

\triangle Don't inhale the fumes.

Om het apparaat weer te monteren, volg je deze instructies in omgekeerde volgorde vanaf stap 7.